





Piercing the Veil — Methodological Challenges; building a database to support analysis of CCPC owners and their incomes

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Context

Data linkage and development required to support SSHRC research

 Rising interest in inclusion of corporation income for business owners to understand rising income inequality

 Approach: link T2 CCPC tax return data to T1 individual data of their owners

Context

Major Challenges

- Need to link tax return data from several sources
- Linkage keys not always present
- Data are generally not "analysis ready"

Further Challenges

- Fiscal year versus calendar year
- Common share vs. Preferred share
- Shifting industry codes
- No occupational codes

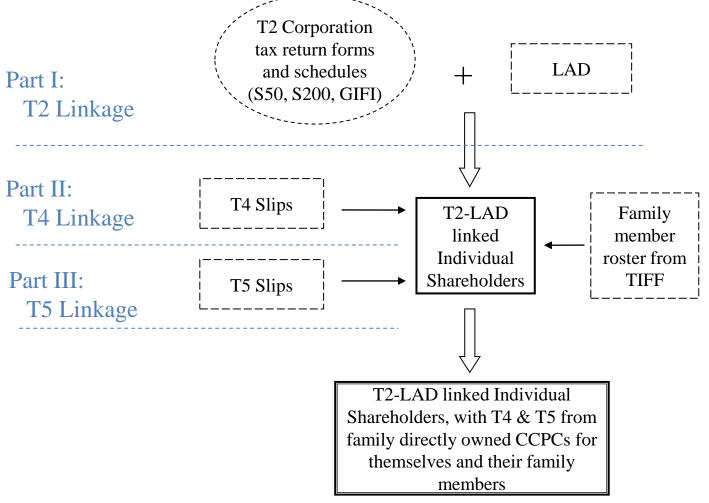


Data Sources

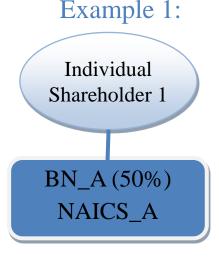
- Individual tax returns
- Corporation tax returns
 - Key for linkage: owners ID
 - Identify CCPCs
 - Financial information of CCPCs
 - Income Statements
 - Balance Sheets
 - NAICS (North American Industry Classification System)
- Wages paid by CCPC to owners and their family members
- Dividends paid by CCPC to owners and their family members
- Money paid to family member through **Trust funds** by CCPC owners → **T3 slips** (No ID for linkage)

- → LAD(Longitudinal Administrative Data, 20% T1FF)
 T1FF (T1 Family File)
- → T2 schedules:
 - → Schedule 50 (private corp. 10%+)
 - → Schedule 200
 - → GIFI (General Index of Financial Information)
 Schedule 125
 - Schedule 100
 - → CRA's BN database
- → T4 slips
- → T5 slips

Overview of the Linkage Framework



Ownership Structure for individual owners



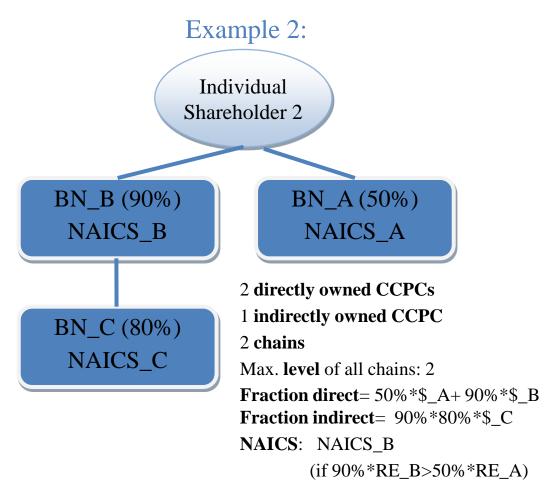
1 directly owned CCPC

1 chain

1 level

Fraction= 50%*\$_A

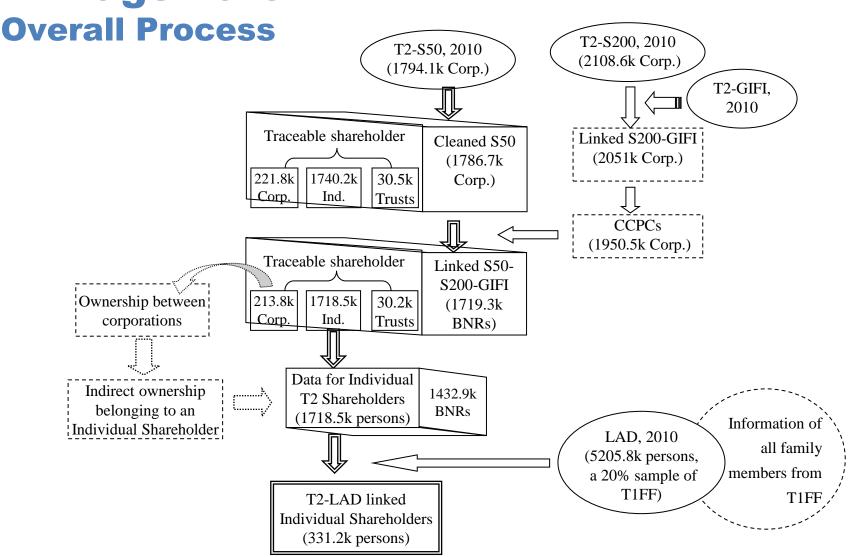
NAICS: NAICS_A



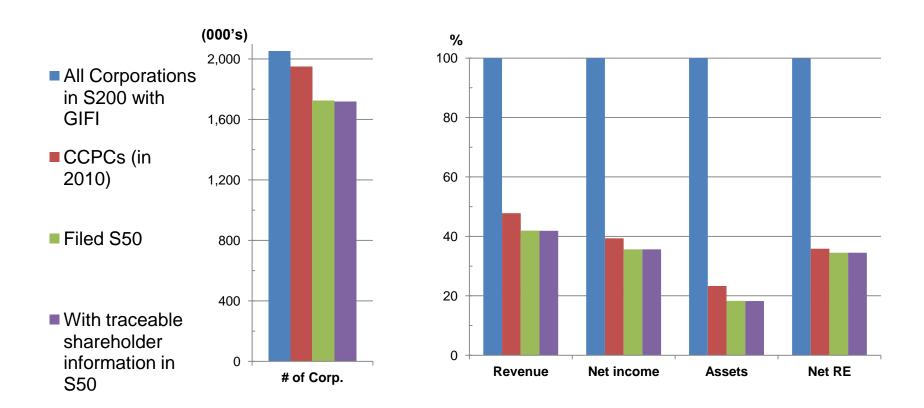


Key of the linkage – Schedule 50

*	Canada Revenue Agency	Agence du revenu du Canada	SHAREHOLDER	SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION (2006 and later taxation years)				SCHEDULE 50 Code 0601	
Name of o	corporation	ABC INC.			Business	BN_ABC	axation year-end Year	Month Day	
All private corporations must complete this schedule for any shareholder who holds 10% or more of the corporation's common and/or preferred shares.									
			Provide only one number per shareholder						
Name of shareholder (after name, indicate in brackets if the shareholder is a corporation, partnership, individual, or trust)			Business Number (If a corporation is not registered, enter "NR")	Social insurance number	Trust number	Percentage common shares	Percentage preferred shares		
		100		200	300	350	400	500	
Iı	ndividual A				SIN_A		50	30	
. C	Corporation B			BN_B			30	65	
Á	rust C					T_C	20		
							1		

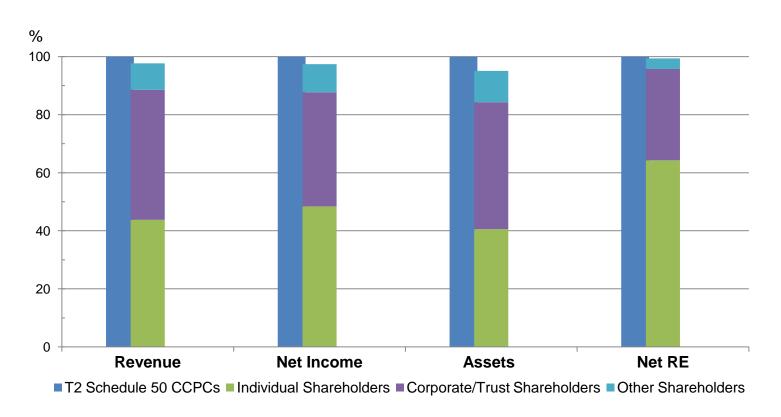


Corporations by data cleaning and linkage process, 2010





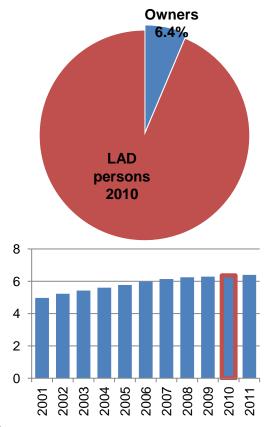
Fractions of the major financial items allocated to owners, Linked S200-GIFI-S50 CCPCs in 2010



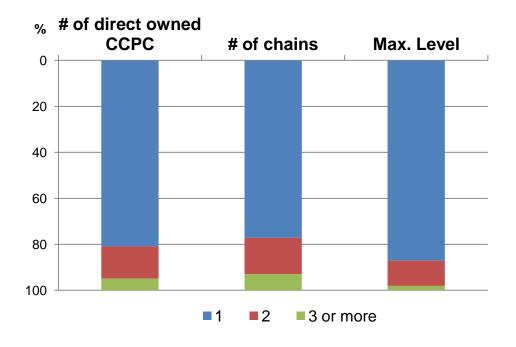


Brief view of CCPC ownership, T2-LAD linked

% of CCPC owners in LAD

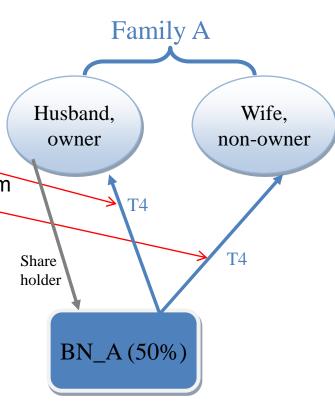


LAD owners by ownership structures, 2010



Linkage Part 2: T4 + T2-LAD Information added from T4

- Individual level:
 - T4 employment income
 - For owners: T4 received from any directly owned CCPC
 - For owners' family members: T4 received from any CCPC directly owned by the owners
- Firm level for each CCPC directly owned by a LAD owner:
 - Total T4 employment income paid
 - Total number of employees

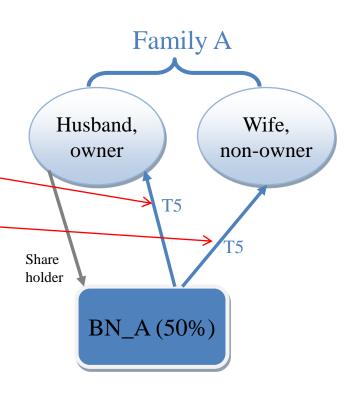


Linkage Part 2: T4 + T2-LAD T4 linkage Rate

- Among CCPCs owned by a LAD owner,
 - 40.1% issued T4 to their owners and/or their family members
 - 83.9% unlinkable CCPCs did not pay any wage according to GIFI
- Among these LAD owners, from the CCPCs directly owned by any of their family members,
 - 43.4% received T4 themselves
 - 15.8% had an owner family member who received T4
 - 10.5% had a non-owner family member who received T4

Linkage Part 3: T5 + T2-LAD Information added from T5

- T5 contains data on various kinds of investment income
 - → Focus is on dividends
- Individual level:
 - For owners: T5 received from any directly owned CCPC
 - For owners' family members: T5 received from any CCPC directly owned by the owner
- Firm level for each CCPC directly owned by a LAD owner:
 - Total T5 dividends paid



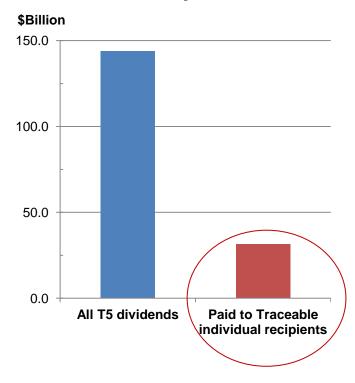
Linkage Part 3: T5 + T2-LAD Challenges and Limitations - 1

- ID for T5 issuer was different from that for T2 corporations prior to 2009
 - -> only linkable starting from 2009
- Various types of currency amounts were reported
 - About 95% of all T5 slips were reported in CAD
 - Slips reported in other currencies are excluded

Linkage Part 3: T5 + T2-LAD Challenges and Limitations - 2

- Various types of recipients on T5
 - Individual;
 Corporation;
 Association, trust, club or partnership;
 Government institution;
 - Only keep individual recipients
 - Missing SIN

T5 dividends paid from all corporations



Linkage Part 3: T5 + T2-LAD T5 linkage Rate

- Among CCPCs owned by a LAD owner,
 - 25% paid T5 dividends to their owners and/or their family members
 - 87.6% unlinkable CCPCs did not pay any dividends according to GIFI
- Among these individual shareholders, from the CCPCs directly owned by any of their family members,
 - 26.6% received T5 dividends themselves
 - 10.6% had an owner family member who received T5
 - 0.8% had a non-owner family member who received T5

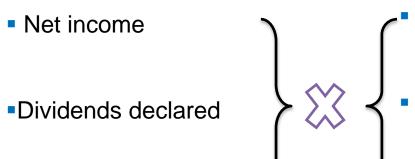
Conclusion

- Data linkage accurately reflect source data levels and distribution in general
 - Few impacts from non-filers or partial-filers of the S-50
 - Few impacts of missing or unlinked T4 or T5 slips

 Administrative data are not perfect and need careful treatment in practice

Appendix 1 Linkage Part 1: T2-LAD, Key variables

Key income variables from the T2-LAD linkage



Net retained earnings

- sum of all fractions from all CCPCs belonging to an owner directly
- sum of all fractions from all CCPCs belonging to an owner indirectly
- Sum of total reported from all CCPCs belonging to an owner directly

Appendix 2 Linkage Part 1: T2-LAD, Calendarization

T2 Fiscal Period and Calendarization - examples

